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## Corey Bregman\* (corey.bregman@maine.edu) and Merlin Incerti-Medici (merlin.medici@gmail.com). The normal growth exponent of a codimension-1 hypersurface of a negatively curved manifold.

Let M be a closed, negatively curved (n + 1)-manifold and  $N \subset M$  a totally geodesic, codimension-1 submanifold. We define the normal growth exponent of N, which measures the divergence of geodesics orthogonal to the universal cover of N in the universal cover of M. We prove that if N is bi-Lipschitz to a real hyperbolic n-manifold and has normal growth exponent is at most 1, then  $\pi_1(M)$  is isomorphic to a lattice in  $\text{Isom}(\mathbb{H}^{n+1})$ . We also exhibit a family of examples that demonstrate the assumption on the normal growth exponent is necessary in dimensions at least 4. (Received January 24, 2022)