

1167-47-109

**Hoger Ghahramani** and **Wu Jing\*** ([wjing@uncfsu.edu](mailto:wjing@uncfsu.edu)). *Lie centralizers at zero products on a class of operator algebras.*

Let  $\mathcal{A}$  be an algebra. In this talk we will discuss the problem of determining a linear map  $\psi$  on  $\mathcal{A}$  satisfying  $a, b \in \mathcal{A}$ ,  $ab = 0 \implies \psi([a, b]) = [\psi(a), b]$  (C1) or  $ab = 0 \implies \psi([a, b]) = [a, \psi(b)]$  (C2). We first compare linear maps satisfying (C1) or (C2), commuting linear maps, and Lie centralizers with a variety of examples. In fact, we see that linear maps satisfying (C1), (C2) and commuting linear maps are different classes of each other. Then we introduce a class of operator algebras on Banach spaces such that if  $\mathcal{A}$  is in this class, then any linear map on  $\mathcal{A}$  satisfying (C1) (or (C2)) is a commuting linear map. As an application of these results we characterize Lie centralizers and linear maps satisfying (C1) (or (C2)) on nest algebras. (Received February 26, 2021)