Nicholas A. Loehr\*, 460 McBryde Hall, 225 Stanger Street, Blacksburg, VA 24061-0123, and Kyungyong Lee and Li Li. Chain decompositions for q, t-Catalan numbers.

The q, t-Catalan numbers  $C_n(q, t)$  are polynomials in q and t that reduce to the ordinary Catalan numbers when q = t = 1. These polynomials have important connections to representation theory, algebraic geometry, and symmetric functions. Haglund and Haiman discovered combinatorial formulas for  $C_n(q, t)$  as weighted sums of Dyck paths (or equivalently, integer partitions contained in a staircase shape). This talk investigates the joint symmetry property  $C_n(q, t) = C_n(t, q)$ . We conjecture some structural decompositions of Dyck objects into "mutually opposite" subcollections leading to a bijective explanation of joint symmetry in certain cases. A key new idea is the construction of infinite chains of partitions that are independent of n but induce the joint symmetry for all n simultaneously. Using these methods, we can prove combinatorially that for  $0 \le k \le 9$  and all n, the terms in  $C_n(q, t)$  of total degree  $\binom{n}{2} - k$  have the required symmetry property. (Received January 23, 2018)