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Yan Cao, Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA 30303, and **Guantao Chen*** (gchen@gsu.edu), Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA 30303. *Vizing's Average Degree Conjecture on Edge Chromatic Critical Graphs*. Preliminary report.

Let G be a simple graph. Denote by $\Delta(G)$, $\delta(G)$, and $\chi'(G)$ the maximum degree, minimum degree and the chromatic index of G . A graph G is *edge- Δ -critical* if $\chi'(G) = \Delta + 1$ and $\chi'(H) \leq \Delta$ for any proper subgraph H of G . Let $\bar{d}(G)$ denote the average degree of G , Vizing in 1968 conjectured that the $\bar{d}(G) \geq \Delta - 1 + \frac{3}{n}$ if G is an edge- Δ -critical graph of order n . We show that if G is an edge- Δ -critical graph with $\Delta \geq 16$, then $\bar{d}(G) \geq \frac{3}{4}\Delta - 8$. Moreover, we show that there exist two functions D and d such that for any positive real number $\epsilon \in (0, 1)$, if G is an edge- Δ -critical graph with $\Delta \geq D(\epsilon)$ and $\delta(G) \geq d(\epsilon)$, then $\bar{d}(G) \geq (1 - \epsilon)\Delta$. We will give two specific functions satisfies the statement above. By using this theorem, we also show that an edge- Δ -critical graph G has $\bar{d}(G) \geq \Delta - o(\Delta)$ if $\delta(G) \geq (\log \Delta)^{\frac{3}{4}}$. (Received February 11, 2018)