1139-52-24 Barry Monson* (bmonson@unb.ca) and Egon Schulte. Symmetries of Universal Alternating Semiregular Polytopes. Preliminary report.

Any abstract regular *n*-polytope R has a free extension U_R , a regular (n + 1)-polytope whose *n*-faces are all isomorphic to R [Schulte, 1983]. Think of such R's as building blocks which we glue together face-to-face in the 'freest possible way'. The automorphism group of U_R is about as complicated as that of its building block R.

Recently we extended this construction by allowing two kinds of compatible building blocks P and Q. Since the facets of these regular *n*-polytopes are all isomorphic, we can fit copies of P and Q in alternating fashion around (n-2)-faces. Again doing this in the freest possible way we get the universal alternating semiregular (n + 1)-polytope $U_{P,Q}$. We know a lot about its structure: for example, $U_{P,Q}$ covers any (n + 1)-polytope (of arbitrary symmetry) whose facets alternate between any selection of quotients of P and Q. But when $P \neq Q$ and we want to understand the regular covers of $U_{P,Q}$ itself, we run into confounding and unexpected difficulties. I will complain about this as time permits. (Received December 30, 2017)