1131-57-245 Mark Brittenham* (mbrittenham2@math.unl.edu), Department of Mathematics, Avery 203, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68588-0130, and Susan Hermiller (hermiller@unl.edu), Department of Mathematics, Avery 203, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68588-0130. Unknotting number and minimal crossing diagrams.

For every knot whose unknotting number we know, there is a minimal crossing diagram for the knot so that changing one of the crossings results in a knot with lower unknotting number. It has long been hoped that this was true of every knot; this would, in principle, provide an algorithm to compute unknotting number. We report on the results of a computer search which establishes that this cannot hold in general, however; there is a knot for which no crossing change in any minimal diagram for the knot lowers unknotting number. (Received July 18, 2017)