## 1127-60-35 Richard C. Bardley and Cristina Tone\* (cristina.tone@louisville.edu). A Central Limit Theorem for Non-stationary Strongly Mixing Random Fields.

A central limit theorem is introduced for sequences of random fields that satisfy a Lindeberg condition and uniformly satisfy both strong mixing and an upper bound less than 1 on  $\rho'(\cdot, 1)$ , in the absence of stationarity. There is no requirement of either a mixing rate assumption or the existence of moments of order higher than two. The additional assumption of a uniform upper bound less than 1 for  $\rho'(\cdot, 1)$ , cannot simply be deleted altogether from the theorem, even in the case of strict stationarity. For the case d = 1, that can be seen from any (finite-variance) strictly stationary, strongly mixing counterexample to the CLT such that the rate of growth of the variances of the partial sums is at least linear; see Bradley (1), Theorem 10.25 and Chapters 30-33. Our main theorem extends certain central limit theorems of Peligrad (2) involving "arrays of random sequences".

(1) Bradley, R.C., Introduction to Strong Mixing Conditions, vol. 1, 2, and 3. Kendrick Press, Heber City (Utah) (2007)

(2) Peligrad, M., On the asymptotic normality of sequences of weak dependent random variables, J. Theor. Probab. 9, 703-715 (1996). (Received January 05, 2017)