1126-05-142 Pouria Salehi Nowbandegani\* (pouria.salehi.nowbandegani@vanderbilt.edu), 2601 Hillsboro Pike, A11, Nashville, TN 37212. Chvátal-Erdős Condition of Prism-Hamiltonicity. Let G be a graph and by  $\kappa(G)$  and  $\alpha(G)$  we mean the connectivity and independence number of G respectively. The prism over a graph G is the Cartesian product  $G \square K_2$  of G with the complete graph  $K_2$ . If  $G \square K_2$  is Hamiltonian, we say that G is prism-Hamiltonian.

In this project we find sharp Chvátal-Erdős condition for the existence of a Hamiltonian cycle in  $G \Box K_2$  and  $G \Box K_k$ . D. West asked the following question [?];

Given a positive integer k, what is the largest value of  $\alpha$  such that if G has connectivity k and independence number  $\alpha$ , then the prism over G is Hamiltonian? There are sharp examples which show that such  $\alpha$  must be between k and 2k.

We show the sharp result, that for a k-connected graph G with  $\alpha(G) \leq 2k$ , is prism-Hamiltonian. As a generalization of this result, for a graph G we proved that if  $\alpha(G) \leq (k-1)\kappa(G)$  then  $G \square K_k$  is Hamiltonian.

## References

[1] Douglas B. West, Hamiltonian Cycles in Prisms, Douglas B. West's Home Page

http://www.math.illinois.edu/~dwest/regs/hamprism.html, Downloaded Dec. 2016.

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