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Carl W. Lee* (lee@uky.edu), Department of Mathematics, 715 Patterson Office Tower,
University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40506, and **Clifford Taylor**. *A Generalization of the
Secondary Polytope Induced by Lifting and Deleting*. Preliminary report.

Given a finite set Q of points in \mathbf{R}^d , a regular subdivision of $\text{conv } Q$ is formed by taking the convex hull of a lifting of Q into \mathbf{R}^{d+1} and projecting the lower hull back into \mathbf{R}^d . It is well known that the poset of regular subdivisions of Q , ordered by refinement, is isomorphic to the face lattice of a convex polytope, the secondary polytope of Q , and that the coordinates of the vertices of this polytope are given by the characteristic vectors defined by Ge'lfand, Kapranov, and Zelevinsky, computed in a simple way from the volumes of the maximal simplices in the corresponding regular triangulations. We generalize some of these results by fixing an integer $0 \leq k \leq |Q|$, and for each lifting of Q considering the family of subdivisions obtained by deleting in turn each of the subsets of Q of size k . Associated with each k will be a polytope with each vertex corresponding to the family of triangulations derived from a lifting. Coordinates of each vertex can be obtained by summing the characteristic vectors of the triangulations in its family. In the simple case of n points on a line and $k = 1$ we can enumerate vertices and edges of these polytopes. (Received January 20, 2015)