1114-15-178 **Persi Diaconis*** (diaconis@math.stanford.edu). The Kac-Murdoch-Szegő Theorem and the Heisenberg Group.

In studying simple random walk on the Heisenberg group $(3 \times 3 \text{ uni-upper triangular matrices with entries in Z})$ a crop of large matrices needed to be diagonalized. Things like n x n matrices with $\cos((2\text{pi j})/\text{n})$ down the main diagonal and ones on the super and sub diagonal. We find sharp bounds for the top (and bottom) eigenvalues and a nice description of the bulk of the spectrum. This is joint work with Dan Bump, Angela Hicks, Laurent Miclo, and Harold Widom. (Received August 25, 2015)