1100-35-43 Gary M. Lieberman* (lieb@iastate.edu), Department of Mathematics, Iowa State University, 396 Carver Hall, Ames, IA 50011. Boundary regularity for solutions of singular elliptic equations without boundary conditions.
In 1951, Keldysh showed that solutions of degenerate elliptic equations, which are equivalent to the singular equation

$$
u_{x x}+u_{y y}+\frac{b}{y} u_{y}=0
$$

with $b \geq 1$, have a peculiar property compared to solutions of the Laplace equation. The solutions are uniquely determined on any subdomain of the upper half-plane by their boundary data off of the $x$-axis. Such results can be rephrased as uniqueness of the solution in terms of an assumed regularity up to the $x$-axis. In this talk, we give a sketch of the corresponding results for more general elliptic equations, including some very recent results by a number of authors in a general framework. Similar results were proved in great generality by Fichera but here we present sharper estimates under appropriate hypotheses. (Received January 22, 2014)

