1100-22-339Jon Middleton* (jmiddlet@ucsd.edu). Hessians of Conformal Functionals as Invariant
Hermitian Forms. Preliminary report.

Let M be a compact manifold and \mathcal{M} a tame Fréchet manifold of geometric structures on M. Let $H = \operatorname{diff}(M) \ltimes \exp(C^{\infty}(M))$, which acts on \mathcal{M} . A conformal functional F is a real-valued H-invariant function on \mathcal{M} that is twice differentiable in Hamilton's sense. The location of extrema for conformal functionals has been of interest to those in conformal geometry, in which \mathcal{M} is the space of Riemannian metrics and F is the zeta-regularized determinant of a Laplace-type differential operator.

In this talk, we will address both the space of Riemannian metrics and the space of strongly pseudoconvex CR structures on S^{2n-1} . Both spaces are acted upon by a real rank one Lie group G: $SO_0(2n, 1)$ in the former case and SU(n, 1) in the latter. In each case \mathcal{M} has a distinguished structure on which these groups act conformally. We will see that these structures are critical points for F, that the Hessian of F defines a Hermitian form of an admissible representation of G, and that this representation is an irreducible $A_{\mathfrak{g}}(\lambda)$. (Received February 10, 2014)