1078-11-60 Jeremy Rouse* (rouseja@wfu.edu). Explicit bounds for sums of squares.

For an even integer k, let $r_{2k}(n)$ be the number of representations of n as a sum of 2k squares. The quantity $r_{2k}(n)$ is appoximated by the classical singular series $\rho_{2k}(n) \approx n^{k-1}$. Deligne's bound on the Fourier coefficients of Hecke eigenforms gives that $r_{2k}(n) = \rho_{2k}(n) + O(d(n)n^{\frac{k-1}{2}})$. We determine the optimal implied constant in this estimate provided that either k/2 or n is odd. The proof requires a delicate positivity argument involving Petersson inner products. (Received November 15, 2011)