## 1026-20-219 Avi Mintz\* (Avi.Mintz@qc.cuny.edu), Math Dept., 695 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10021. The Cayley semigroup of a finite semigroup.

Let S be a finite semigroup. Rhodes considered in 1965 a function defined on the free monoid  $S^*$ . He called this the machine of the semigroup. Formally, to each element s of the semigroup, he assigned a function  $\varphi_s : S^* \to S^*$ , defined by  $\varphi_s([a_1, a_2, ..., a_n]) = [sa_1, sa_1a_2, ..., sa_1a_2 \cdots a_n]$ . Essentially, these functions arise from considering the Cayley graph to be a sequential machine and assigning the function  $\varphi_s$  to each state s of S. We call the semigroup generated by all such functions the Cayley semigroup of S, and denote it by Cayley(S). If S happens to be an abelian group, Cayley(S) will be a lamplighter group.

We will show that is S is an aperiodic semigroup, then Cayley(S) is finite and aperiodic. (Received February 27, 2007)